



# Audit and Governance Committee Update for Tamworth Borough Council

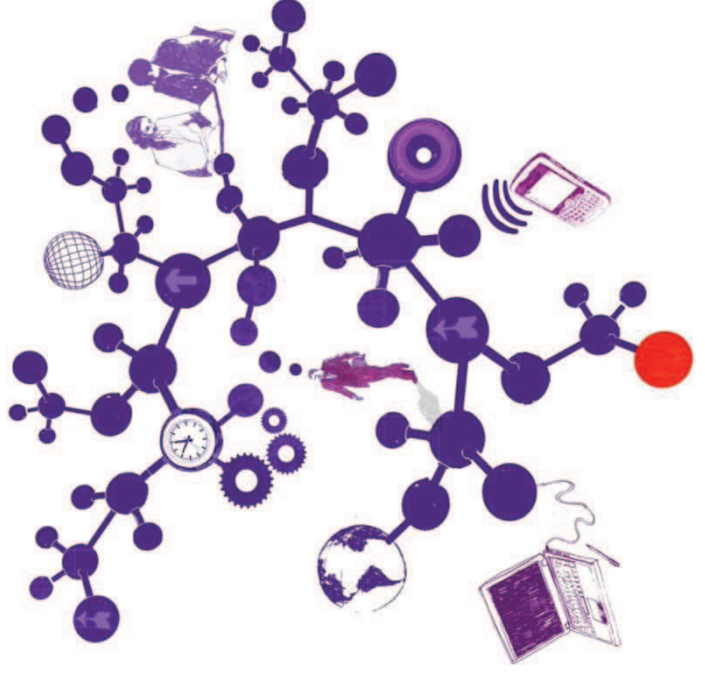
**Year ending 31 March 2014**  
30 January 2014

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**James Cook**  
Director  
T 0121 232 5343  
E [james.a.cook@uk.gt.com](mailto:james.a.cook@uk.gt.com)

**Joan Barnett**  
Manager  
T 0121 232 5399  
E [joan.m.barnett@uk.gt.com](mailto:joan.m.barnett@uk.gt.com)

**Neil Rudd**  
In Charge Auditor  
T 0121 232 5391  
E [neil.rudd@uk.gt.com](mailto:neil.rudd@uk.gt.com)



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## Introduction

This paper provides the Audit and Governance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors. The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a borough council
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider.

Members of the Audit and Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website [www.grant-thornton.co.uk](http://www.grant-thornton.co.uk), where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications – 'Local Government Governance Review 2013', 'Towards a tipping point?', 'The migration of public services', 'The developing internal audit agenda', 'Preparing for the future', 'Surviving the storm: how resilient are local authorities?'

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Audit Manager. Their contact details are provided on the first page of this report.

# Progress at January 2014

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>2013-14 Accounts Audit Plan</b> We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2013-14 financial statements.</p>	27 March 2014	n/a	We will be drafting our Audit Plan as part of our interim accounts audit work.
<p><b>Interim accounts audit</b> Our interim fieldwork visit includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• updating our review of the Council's control environment</li> <li>• updating our understanding of financial systems</li> <li>• review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems</li> <li>• early work on emerging accounting issues</li> <li>• early substantive testing</li> <li>• proposed Value for Money conclusion.</li> </ul>	Week beginning 20 January 2014; and the two weeks beginning 10 March 2014	n/a	
<p><b>2013-14 final accounts audit</b> Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• audit of the 2013-14 financial statements</li> <li>• proposed opinion on the Council's accounts</li> <li>• proposed Value for Money conclusion.</li> </ul>	Audit to commence 7 July 2014. Opinion on the Council's accounts and Value for Money conclusion due to be issued by 30 September 2014	n/a	

# Progress at January 2014

Work	Planned date	Complete?	Comments
<p><b>Value for Money (VfM) conclusion</b></p> <p>The scope of our work to inform the 2013/14 VfM conclusion comprises:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Key indicators of financial performance</li> <li>• Strategic financial planning</li> <li>• Financial governance</li> <li>• Financial control</li> <li>• Prioritising resources</li> <li>• Improving efficiency and productivity</li> <li>• Management of natural resources</li> </ul>	<p>Ongoing until the Value for money conclusion is given in September 2014</p>	<p>n/a</p>	
<p><b>Other areas of work</b></p> <p>We are required to certify claims and returns per the directions issued by the Audit Commission in conjunction with the central government organisations providing the funding.</p> <p>We anticipate that we will be required to certify the Housing and Council Tax Benefit claim; the business rates return; and the contribution to the housing capital receipts pool. We are currently awaiting further instructions from the Audit Commission and will present our certification plan to a later meeting of the Committee.</p>	<p>To be announced</p>		
<p><b>Other activity undertaken</b></p> <p>We provided a Governance workshop for members on 15 January 2014.</p>	<p>15 January 2014</p>	<p>yes</p>	

# Emerging issues and developments

## Local government guidance

### Income from charging

In September, the Audit Commission published '[Income from charging: Using data from the VFM Profiles, September 2013](#)'. The briefing provides an analysis of councils' 2011/12 income from charging, totalling £10.2 billion, and the contribution it made to service spending. It looks at the trends for different types of councils across broad service areas.

Key findings were:

- charging in 2011/12 funded 9 per cent of single-tier and county councils' overall service expenditure, and 20 per cent of district councils
- nationally the total income from charging was less than half the amount raised through council tax in 2011/12, at the local level it exceeded council tax in one in three (32 per cent) district councils and one in five (21 per cent) London boroughs
- there is great variation between councils in terms of the amount of income they generate from charges, the ratio of charging income to service spending, and the changes to these over recent years. The contribution of charging to spending in 2011/12 varied most for district councils, with 2 to 87 per cent being generated through charges.

The Audit Commission chairman, Jeremy Newman, said 'There is no 'one-size-fits-all' formula for how councils set their local charging policies. We are providing information and tools for councils, and those who hold them to account, to help understand the important role that charging plays in councils' strategic financial management. The fact that some bodies derive more income from charging than council tax is neither good nor bad, but highlights the significant role charging plays in funding public services, and reminds councillors and electors to carefully scrutinise the approaches councils are taking.'

Challenge questions:

- When did the Council last review its local charging policy? Does the Council's policy still support the Council's strategic objectives? What options are available for change?
- Do your officers monitor changes in income from charging and its contribution to spending in order to assess whether local charging policies are supporting the council's financial objectives and complying with legal requirements?
- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) reviewed the council's charging policy and levels of income against similar organisations?
- Where issues have been identified, has an action plan been implemented?

# Emerging issues and developments

## Local government guidance

### Business rate collection

In April 2013, the government introduced a business rates retention scheme. Local authorities as a whole will now be able to keep half of the business rates income they collect rather than paying it all into the national pool. As business rate income grows, authorities will keep half of the growth.

In October, the Audit Commission published '[Business rates: using data from the VFM profiles October 2013](#)'. This briefing has been drawn from the Commission's Value for Money (VFM) profiles and shows an analysis of English council's collection rates and costs of collecting business rates.

The Audit Commission also highlights the following steps councils could take to maximise business rates:

- supporting existing business to do well and attracting new businesses to the area
- identifying and billing all business properties with a rateable value promptly
- using discretionary relief in an effective way, targeting businesses most in need
- preventing and tackling fraudulent claims for relief
- improving collection rates
- reducing collection costs.

Challenge questions:

- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) reviewed the costs and performance of your authority against similar organisations?
- What steps could your authority take to increase the amount it collects from business rates?
- Is an action plan in place?
- Are you satisfied that your authority has made a robust estimate for its provision for business rate appeals?



# Emerging issues and developments

## Local government guidance

### **Voluntary Code of Practice on the Housing Revenue Account**

In October, CIPFA and the Chartered Institute of Housing (CIH) issued the [Voluntary Code for a Self-financed Housing Revenue Account](#).

The voluntary code aims to give authorities the tools necessary to control and evaluate the performance of their HRA and increase the value it returns to both councils and rate payers. It will also help authorities to assess and develop effective governance and financial management frameworks for their HRA.

This code is designed to be self-regulatory and compliance is not formally required.

Challenge questions:

- Has your authority reviewed the HRA in light of this new guidance?
- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) considered whether there are opportunities to improve the governance, financial and management arrangements in place to manage the HRA?
- For opportunities identified, is there an action plan in place?

# Emerging issues and developments

## Grant Thornton

### Potential for procurement fraud

The Chancellor's Spending Round announcement earlier this summer has forced authorities to make further cuts to their budgets and operate under tighter constraints.

As Chris Clements, Head of Public Sector Forensics at Grant Thornton UK LLP, wrote in Local Government News, the National Fraud Authority estimates that in the wider public sector, the cost of fraud reached a staggering £19.9bn this year. Procurement fraud in local government accounted for £876m of this amount and therefore a properly functioning procurement process is key to mitigating much of this risk of loss.

'Helping ensure people are not in a position where they are tempted by an opportunistic gain is vital. Employees feeling undervalued – either financially or on account of other motivating factors – can breed an atmosphere of despondency which allows for procurement fraud. Sometimes all it takes is one exploratory incident by an individual to snowball into a culture wide acceptance of fraud, where employees not only rationalise the activity, but are spurred on by other actions.'

Challenge questions:

- Does your authority have a properly functioning procurement process, where duties are clearly segregated?
- Does your authority maintain an adequate whistleblowing mechanism for whistleblowing, whereby employees feel they are able to report their suspicions in a safe and secure manner?

If you have any queries on procurements processes and/or procurement fraud, talk to your audit manager to see how Grant Thornton could help.

# Emerging issues and developments

## Accounting and audit issues

### **Simplifying and streamlining the presentation of local authority financial statements**

Both HM Treasury and CIPFA/LASAAC have recently consulted on how to streamline and simplify local authority financial statements. In our response, we set out our view that streamlining is a collaborative process involving standard setters, preparers of the accounts and auditors. This requires a much needed change in culture and attitude from the accounting and auditing profession as a whole.

However, there is much that can be done now. In his October article in [Room 151](#), the on-line local authority finance publication, Graham Liddell, Grant Thornton's National Technical Lead sets out the practical steps local authorities can take to:

- learn the lessons from 2012/13 to improve the preparation and audit of the financial statements for future years
- de-clutter their accounts using the previous year's financial statements as the starting point

Graham notes that Grant Thornton has been working with a range of local authorities to achieve these goals. One council audited by Grant Thornton succeeded in producing a set of financial statements in 2012/13 that were only half the length of those for 2011/12 and were much easier to follow.

Your officers have arranged a series of meetings with us to discuss their preparation and our audit of the financial statements. The first of these meetings took place on 15 January 2014.

Challenge questions:

- How are you planning to improve the preparation of your financial statements for 2013/14?
- Do your financial statements provide a clear overall picture of the financial performance of your authority?
- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) carried out a de-cluttering exercise to ensure that disclosures are relevant, material and up to date?

# Emerging issues and developments

## Accounting and audit issues

### Consultation on Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice for 2014/15

CIPFA/LASAAC's consultation on the Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice for 2014/15 closed in October.

In our response we noted that the complexity of international financial reporting standards (IFRS) inevitably means that it is increasingly difficult to construct a Code that is comprehensive, of reasonable length and fit for purpose. We suggested that the Code of Practice follows the approach adopted by the Treasury in the Financial Reporting Manual under which bodies are required to follow the relevant accounting standard other than where there are specified formal adaptations or interpretations. This would result in a much shorter simpler Code with local authorities referring directly to the underlying standards themselves. This approach is consistent with that adopted in the NHS, where the accounting manuals do not seek to repeat text from accounting standards.

In respect of the some of the other key consultation issues, our views were:

- IFRS 13 - the Code should follow the principles of IFRS 13 as closely as possible. We regard it as important that there is a common application of fair value by all bodies preparing accounts under IFRS.
- Infrastructure assets - we supported the adoption of IFRS based accounting for infrastructure assets. We recognise the practical difficulties in doing this and have offered to work with CIPFA/LASAAC and local authorities to help overcome these difficulties.
- Schools - we emphasised the importance of addressing the accounting issues for schools as a matter of priority, particularly because this is an area for which the Whole of Government Accounts are currently qualified.

Challenge question:

- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) reviewed the proposed amendments to the 2014/15 Code and assessed the potential impact?

# Emerging issues and developments

## Accounting and audit issues

### Property plant and equipment revaluations

The 2013/14 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting changes the requirements for the frequency at which authorities are required to carry out valuations of property plant and equipment. Previously the Code permitted valuations to be carried out on a rolling basis over a maximum of 5 years. The 2013/14 Code now restricts this option by requiring:

- revaluations to be sufficiently regular to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using the fair value at the end of the reporting period
- items within a class of property, plant and equipment to be revalued simultaneously to avoid selective revaluation of assets and the reporting of amounts in the financial statements that are a mixture of costs and values as at different dates.

However, the Code permits assets within the same class to be revalued on a rolling basis provided the revaluation of the class of assets is completed within a short period and provided the revaluations are kept up to date. There is no definition of 'a short period' but the Code's requirement to avoid reporting a mixture of costs and values as at different dates suggests that to comply with the Code, all assets within a particular class should be valued within the same financial year.

Your officers discussed with us the Council's revaluation programme in light of the changes to the Code on 15 January 2014.

### Challenge questions

- Are both your Executive Director (Corporate Services) and your professional advisors satisfied that your revaluation programme is sufficiently regular to ensure that the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment at 31 March 2014 will not differ materially from that which would be determined using the fair value at that date?
- Has your Executive Director (Corporate Services) reviewed the changes to the 2013/14 Code and implemented a valuation process to ensure your authority complies with other aspects of the Code requirements?
- Where your authority is unable to comply fully with the Code in 2013/14, are you satisfied that any non-compliance is immaterial and has an action plan been put in place to address non-compliance issues in future years?

# Emerging issues and developments

## Accounting and audit issues

### Public briefing on the Local Audit and Accountability Bill

In September, the Audit Commission published a [briefing note on the Local Audit and Accountability Bill](#). The Bill is currently going through Parliament.

The briefing provides background information on the Bill as well as a view on the areas where the Audit Commission believe that the Bill can be further improved. These areas are:

- collective procurement arrangements
- audit appointment arrangements
- the National Fraud Initiative
- small bodies
- supporting accountability to Parliament and the public
- reporting on arrangements to secure value for money
- updating the legislative framework governing local public audit.

### Challenge question:

- Have you considered how the proposed audit arrangements under the Draft Local Audit Bill will affect you?



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